

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Table of Contents

I. Introduction and Background:	1
II. Tips for completing the SRCA.....	2
III. Getting Started.....	2
IV. Managing Users and Assigning Sections for Data Entry	3
V. Entering Data for Reportable Conditions.....	4
VI. Review and Submit Completed Data	8
VII. APPENDIX 1: Alphabetical List of Conditions by Condition Category Grouping	9
VIII. APPENDIX 2: Available Modifiers for Creating Subset Conditions.....	13

I. Introduction and Background:

The State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) is an annual, web-based assessment of reportable conditions. This joint Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) effort has been ongoing since 2007 and collects information on what conditions are reportable where, in states, territories, and other large jurisdictions.

The SRCA has been redesigned for 2011 to collect more robust information about reportable conditions than ever before. The SRCA is the only publicly available, national repository of information on what conditions are reportable where and by whom. Collecting more detailed data on reporting requirements will help make the SRCA a more complete database of reportable condition information that can be used by public health, researchers, and healthcare providers.

The data from the 2011 SRCA pertaining to nationally notifiable infectious diseases will be used in generating tables for the *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)*. In addition, all SRCA data will be displayed in a query-results webpage on the CSTE website after the assessment is completed and results have been validated:

<http://www.cste.org/dnn/ProgramsandActivities/PublicHealthInformatics/StateReportableConditionsQueryResults/tabid/261/Default.aspx>.

The 2011 SRCA covers reporting requirements, as defined by regulation or legislation, for conditions defined as reportable by clinicians (i.e., health care providers), laboratories, hospitals, and other reporters in your jurisdiction. SRCA responses should reflect these reporting regulations or rules as closely and accurately as possible. Any conditions that must be reported to the state public health agency should be considered reportable in the SRCA. If a condition is reportable to another department within your state (e.g., Department of Agriculture) but the state health agency receives this information as the result of a data-sharing agreement, then the condition should also be considered reportable. In addition, the information entered into the SRCA should be accurate and reflective of your state's reporting rules **prior to July 1, 2011**.

CSTE is charged with providing a comprehensive and accurate list of reportable conditions by state and territory, and with your prompt participation, CSTE will achieve a 100% response rate.

II. Tips for completing the SRCA

Understand user roles and responsibilities:

There are two types of SRCA users with different permissions and levels of access.

1. State Administrator (State Epidemiologist, in most cases):
 - a. Add State Users and assign State Users to specific sections
 - b. Full access to all state data at all times
 - c. Responsible for final review of all data and submitting completed data to CSTE
2. State User:
 - a. Enter data for sections to which he or she has been assigned
 - b. Responsible for submitting completed sections to State Administrator for review

Divide and conquer:

The SRCA is divided by section based on condition types. You may find it helpful to delegate or assign certain sections to colleagues specializing in these areas (See Appendix 1 for full list of conditions in each section):

1. Birth Defects and Congenital Anomalies
2. Blood Borne Diseases
3. Enteric Diseases
4. Healthcare Associated Events
5. Infectious Disease Not Otherwise Specified
6. Injuries
7. Neurologic and Toxin-Mediated Conditions
8. Respiratory Conditions (Infectious)
9. Selected Non-Infectious Diseases
10. Sexually Transmitted Diseases
11. Systemic Conditions
12. Toxic Effects of Non-Medicinal Substances
13. Vaccine-Preventable Conditions
14. Zoonotic and Vectorborne Diseases

Have references handy:

It may be helpful to have your jurisdiction's reportable conditions laws, regulations, lists, and other documents readily available.

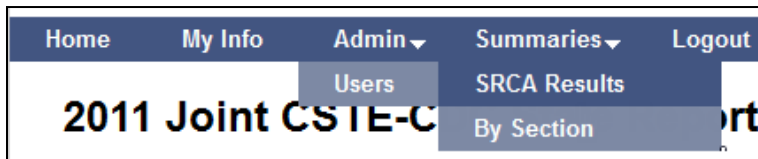
III. Getting Started

Logging in:

1. Access the SRCA: <http://srca.cste.org>
2. Enter your email address as your user name.
3. Enter the password you received via email. Click "Log on."
 - a. If typing the password does not appear to work, try copying the password from the email and pasting it into the Password field.
4. Checking the "Remember me" box will keep you logged in if you navigate away from the SRCA.
5. If you forget your password, enter your email address and click "Forgot Password." The system will email you a new password.

Toolbar: Once you log in, you will see a toolbar with the following functions:

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions



1. Home:
 - a. View or print the SRCA instructions.
 - b. Scroll to the bottom and click “Start/Resume SRCA” to view the Summary by Section.
2. My Info:
 - a. Change your user information or password.
 - b. Note that changing your email address will change your username and require you to log in again.
3. Admin (State Administrator only):
 - a. Add, edit, or delete State Users.
 - b. Reset passwords for State Users.
4. Summaries:
 - a. SRCA Results: View a summary of current SRCA results for your jurisdiction, organized by timeframe.
 - b. By Section: View your state’s Summary by Section page to:
 - i. Enter data (“Go” link)
 - ii. Review Full SRCA in view-only mode (“Review Full SRCA” button)
 - iii. View Status, Assignments, % Done, and Last Modified for each section
5. Logout

IV. Managing Users and Assigning Sections for Data Entry

Add State Users to help complete the SRCA for your jurisdiction (State Administrator only):

1. Click the “Admin” dropdown in the top header and select “Users.”
2. Click “New User” button.

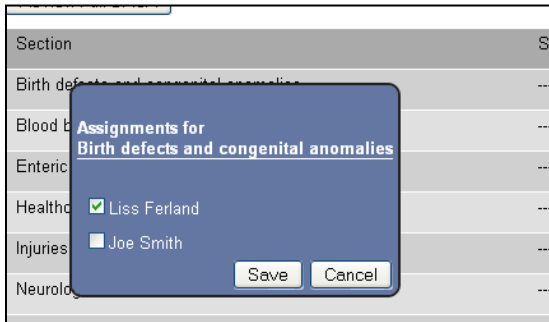
3. Enter the name, email, and telephone of the user. To save, click the disk icon () under Actions, or click  to cancel.

4. An email notification will be sent automatically to the new State User, providing their password and prompting them to log in to the SRCA.
5. Other functions on this page:
 - a. *Edit users:* select the user row and click on the pencil icon () to edit. Type new information, and click the disk icon () to save.
 - b. *Delete users:* select the user row and click on the trash icon () to delete.
 - c. *Reset passwords:* click the “R” icon for the State User’s row. This will generate an email to the user containing a new password.

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Assign State Users to sections of the SRCA to allow them to enter or edit data for conditions in that section (State Administrator only):

1. Access the Summary by Section page by clicking “Summaries” in the toolbar and selecting “By Section,” or click “Start/Resume SRCA” at the bottom of the Home page.
2. Click on the link in the “Assigned To” column for the section you would like to assign. If no one is yet assigned to this section, the link will read “Unassigned.” In the pop-up, you will see a list of all SRCA users for your jurisdiction.
3. Select the users you would like to assign and click “Save.” Their names will now appear under “Assigned To.”



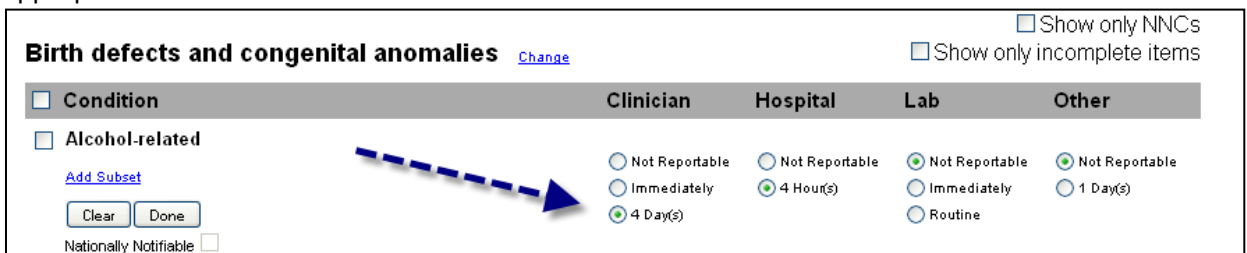
Assign yourself to a section of the SRCA to enter or edit data for conditions in that section (State Users only):

1. Access the Summary by Section page by clicking “Summaries” in the toolbar and selecting “By Section,” or click “Start/Resume SRCA” at the bottom of the Home page.
2. Click “Assign to me” in the “Edit” column on the far right. Your name will now appear in the “Assigned To” column.

V. Entering Data for Reportable Conditions

Enter or Edit data for conditions by section:

1. To enter or edit data in the SRCA, click the “Go” link for the section you would like to edit in the “Edit” column on the right side of the Summary by Section page.
NOTE: State Users must be assigned to the section in order to enter data. If you are not assigned to the section, you will see the data in a view-only mode.
2. On the Section Edit page, click a condition row to begin entering data. This opens the available response choices for each type of reporter.
NOTE: These options have been customized for your state according to data collected in the 2010 SRCA and verified by the State Epidemiologist. Please contact CSTE if any changes are needed.
3. Enter the reporting requirement for each condition and type of reporter.
 - a. If the condition is named in your state rules or lists with a required reporting timeframe, select the appropriate timeframe from the choices.



- b. If the condition is not named on your state lists but falls under general, “catch-all” reporting language, such as “all outbreaks,” “disease of public health importance,” etc., select “Implicit Rept.”
 - i. A dialog box will appear with a list of general reportable conditions and events. Select one or more appropriate options and click “Done.”

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

- ii. Note that “Implicit Rept.” will show as the selected answer choice, not the specific language selected here.

Implicit Reporting Categories (X)

☐ Occurrence of any unusual disease of public health importance

☐ Outbreaks or clusters of public concern

☐ Occupational illness

- c. If the condition is not reportable according to your jurisdiction’s rules, select “Not Reportable.”
4. Click “Done” to collapse the row. Your responses for each row will save automatically.
5. Your data will now appear as entered:

Birth defects and congenital anomalies Change				
☐ Show only incomplete items				
☐ Condition	Clinician	Hospital	Lab	Other
☐ Alcohol-related	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	Not Reportable

Summary of data entry options

If the condition is...	Then select...
Named in rules or lists with a required reporting timeframe	Timeframe
Not named specifically but falls under general, “catch-all,” reporting language	“Implicit Rept.” and appropriate language from the dialog box
Not reportable in your jurisdiction	“Not Reportable”

Enter data for multiple conditions at once if they have the *same exact reporting requirements*:

1. Select the conditions you wish to edit using the checkboxes to the left of the condition names, or click the box next to “Condition” to select all conditions on the screen.

Healthcare Associated Events [Change](#) ☐ Show only NNCs
☐ Show only incomplete items

☒ Condition	Clinician	Hospital	Lab	Other
☒ Healthcare-associated adverse event (Not further specified)	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Catheter-associated urinary tract infection (UTI)	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Central-line associated bloodstream infection	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Healthcare-associated infection (Not further specified)	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Hospital-acquired infection (Not further specified)	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Nosocomial infection	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Surgical site infection	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Vancomycin-resistant enterococci (VRE) infection	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit
☒ Ventilator-associated pneumonia	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit	Click To Edit

Mark Selected As

2. Use the drop-down menus at the bottom of the screen next to “Mark Selected As,” to choose the appropriate responses for each reporter.
 - a. Choose “Reset Values” to clear responses for the selected rows.
3. Click “Apply,” and the responses will be updated and saved for all selected conditions. Note that there may be a time delay as the system saves these responses.

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

☐ Show only NNCs
☐ Show only incomplete items

Healthcare Associated Events [Change](#)

☒ Condition	Clinician	Hospital	Lab	Other
☒ Healthcare-associated adverse event (Not further specified)	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Catheter-associated urinary tract infection (UTI)	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Central-line associated bloodstream infection	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Healthcare-associated infection (Not further specified)	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Hospital-acquired infection (Not further specified)	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Nosocomial infection	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Surgical site infection	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Vancomycin-resistant enterococci (VRE) infection	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)
☒ Ventilator-associated pneumonia	4 Day(s)	4 Hour(s)	Not Reportable	1 Day(s)

Mark Selected As:
 4 Day(s) ▼
4 Hour(s) ▼
Not Reportable ▼
1 Day(s) ▼
Apply

- Remember to de-select conditions by un-checking individual boxes or de-select ALL conditions by re-clicking the box next to "Condition."

Specify subsets of reportable conditions (OPTIONAL):

If only a specific subset of a condition is reportable in your jurisdiction, you may specify this using the **Add Subset** function. Creating a subset will create a new row for data entry. Use this to specify reporting details (See Appendix 2 for a full list of available modifiers for subset conditions):

- Age groups or age ranges
- Etiologic agents
- Special circumstances (intentional release, mortality, morbidity, novel cases, etc.)
- Treatment (administered, prescribed, etc.)
- Occupational (all work-related cases, in a childcare worker, in a food handler, etc.)
- Setting (school setting, correctional facility, homeless facility, etc.)
- Disease status (active, chronic, latent, etc.)
- Infected species
- Antibiotic sensitivity
- Lab findings or outcomes
- Source/site (sterile site, invasive, neuroinvasive, etc.)
- Other reporting requirements
- Case classification
- Reporting method (individual case vs. aggregate count)

- On the Section Edit page, click the row for the condition you would like to add a subset for.
- Click the "Add Subset" link below the name.
- Select details to specify the subset, using the tabs along the left side of the dialog box. Note that your selections will change the name of the condition row, which is previewed at the top of the box.
- Click "OK" to save your subset. This creates a new condition row for data entry, which appears below the original condition.
- To remove subsets created by users in your state, click the subset condition row and click the "Delete Subset" link that appears below the condition name.

Example: "Streptococcal pyogenes, group A, sterile sites" is reportable in my jurisdiction. To create this subset:

- Click the row for Streptococcal disease. Click "Add Subset"

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

- b. Select “Streptococcus pyogenes, group A” in the drop down for Etiologic Agent.

The screenshot shows a form titled "Streptococcal Disease, Streptococcus pyogenes (group A)". On the left is a vertical sidebar with buttons: Age, Etiology, Special Circumstances, Treatment, Occupational, Disease Status, Infected Species, Antibiotic, Lab Finding, Threshold, Lab outcome, and Source/Site. The main area has a section titled "Etiologic Agent" with a dropdown menu currently showing "Streptococcus pyogenes (group A)". Below this is a section titled "Etiologic Type" with two columns of radio button options: Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic, and Particulate in the first column; and Prion, Protozo, Toxin, and Viral in the second column.

- c. Select “Sterile Site” under Source/Site.

The screenshot shows the same form as before, but now the "Source/Site" section is active. The sidebar button "Source/Site" is highlighted. The main area shows a "Source/Site" section with a "Reset" link in the top right. Below the title are two columns of radio button options. In the first column: Blood, CNS, CSF, Food, Genital, Invasive, and Neuroinvasive. In the second column: Neurological, Non-neuroinvasive, Non-neurological, Sterile site (which is selected with a blue dot), Stool, Urine, and Wound.

- d. Click “OK.”
- e. “Streptococcal disease, Streptococcus pyogenes (group A), Sterile Site” is now a condition for data entry.

Nationally Notifiable Conditions:

1. Conditions with an asterisk (*) before the name are Nationally Notifiable (NNC) to CDC.
2. View only the NNCs on the page by clicking the box next to “Show only NNCs.”

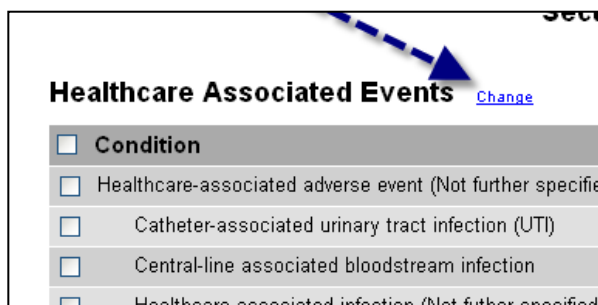
Search for conditions and edit data for search results:

1. To search conditions by name, type a search term in the box at the top of the Section Edit page. Click “Go.”
2. All conditions in any SRCA section matching the search term will be displayed.
3. Enter data for conditions in the search results in the same way as entering data by section.
4. Click “Reset” to return to the previous Section Edit screen.

To continue data entry in a different section:

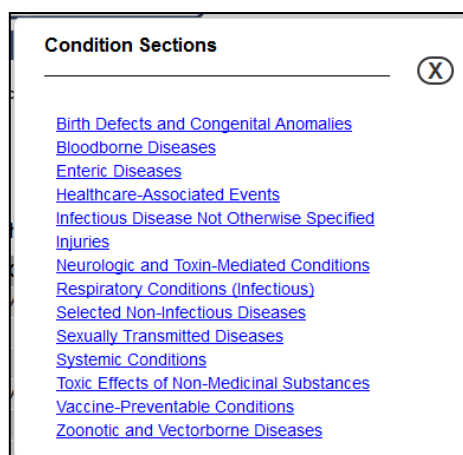
1. To navigate to a different section for data entry, return to the Summary by Section screen by choosing “Summaries” and “By Section” in the toolbar, OR
2. Click the “Change” link next to the Section Name and choose a different section.
NOTE: State Users must be assigned to the section in order to enter data. If you are not assigned to the section, you will see the data in a view-only mode.

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions



Healthcare Associated Events [Change](#)

- ☐ Condition
- ☐ Healthcare-associated adverse event (Not further specified)
- ☐ Catheter-associated urinary tract infection (UTI)
- ☐ Central-line associated bloodstream infection
- ☐ Healthcare-associated infection (Not further specified)



Condition Sections (X)

- [Birth Defects and Congenital Anomalies](#)
- [Bloodborne Diseases](#)
- [Enteric Diseases](#)
- [Healthcare-Associated Events](#)
- [Infectious Disease Not Otherwise Specified](#)
- [Injuries](#)
- [Neurologic and Toxin-Mediated Conditions](#)
- [Respiratory Conditions \(Infectious\)](#)
- [Selected Non-Infectious Diseases](#)
- [Sexually Transmitted Diseases](#)
- [Systemic Conditions](#)
- [Toxic Effects of Non-Medicinal Substances](#)
- [Vaccine-Preventable Conditions](#)
- [Zoonotic and Vectorborne Diseases](#)

VI. Review and Submit Completed Data

Submit Completed Sections to your State Administrator (State Users):

When a section is complete, submit it to your State Administrator for their review. State Users will no longer be able to edit this section once submitted.

1. Access the Summary by Section page via the “Start/Resume SRCA” link at the bottom of the home page or “Summaries,” “By Section” on the toolbar.
2. For each section that is 100% Done, a link to “Submit to State Administrator” will appear in the “Edit” column. This link will not appear if any conditions in that section are not complete.

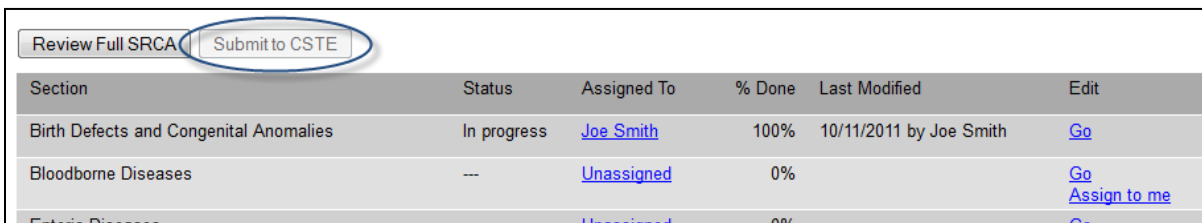
Section	Status	Assigned To	% Done	Last Modified	Edit
Birth Defects and Congenital Anomalies	In progress	Joe Smith	100%	10/11/2011 by Joe Smith	Go Submit to State Admin
Bloodborne Diseases	---	Unassigned	0%		Go Assign to me
Enteric Diseases	---	Unassigned	0%		Go

3. Click the link to submit to your State Administrator. They will receive an email notification prompting them to review the section.
4. The section is now locked to editing by State Users. Only the State Administrator will be able to edit the section. Clicking “Go” as a State User will lead to a view-only mode.

Review and Submit Completed SRCA to CSTE (State Administrator):

State Administrators are responsible for final review and submission of the SRCA to CSTE.

1. Access the Summary by Section page via the “Start/Resume SRCA” link at the bottom of the home page or “Summaries,” “By Section” on the toolbar.
2. Click “Go” to review or edit any section, including sections submitted for your review.
3. When all sections are 100% Done, the button to “Submit to CSTE” on the Summary by Section page will become available.



Review Full SRCA [Submit to CSTE](#)

Section	Status	Assigned To	% Done	Last Modified	Edit
Birth Defects and Congenital Anomalies	In progress	Joe Smith	100%	10/11/2011 by Joe Smith	Go
Bloodborne Diseases	---	Unassigned	0%		Go Assign to me
Enteric Diseases	---	Unassigned	0%		Go

4. Click the button and confirm to submit all SRCA results to CSTE. CSTE will receive an email notification that your results have been submitted. Your jurisdiction’s SRCA is now complete.
5. The SRCA form for your jurisdiction is now locked to editing by all users. “Go” will lead to a view-only mode.

VII. APPENDIX 1: Alphabetical List of Conditions by Condition Category Grouping (*Nationally Notifiable Conditions [NNC])

Birth Defects and Congenital Anomalies

Abdominal Wall Defects	Epispadia	Omphalocele
Alcohol-related Birth Defects	Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD)	Other Specified Developmental Deformity
Anencephaly	Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS)	Other Specified Genetic Disorder
Autism	Galactosemia	Other Specified metabolic Disorder
Autism Spectrum Disorders	Gastroschisis	Phenylketonuria
Biotinidase Deficiency	Hypospadia	Primary Congenital Hypothyroidism
Cardiac Defect	Inborn Errors of Metabolism	Spina Bifida
Cleft Lip	Infant Hearing Loss	Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS)
Cleft Lip/Palate	Limb Reduction	
Cleft Palate	Maple Syrup Urine Disease	
Congenital Hyperthyroidism	Neural Tube Defect	
Down's Syndrome (Trisomy 21)		

Bloodborne Diseases

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)/HIV Stage III	*Hepatitis B, Perinatal	Hepatitis Viral Infection
Hepatitis B	Hepatitis C	Hepatitis Viral Infection, Non-A Non-B
*Hepatitis B, Acute	*Hepatitis C, Acute	*HIV Infection
*Hepatitis B, Chronic	*Hepatitis C, Past or Present	
	Hepatitis D	

Enteric Diseases

Amebiasis	* <i>Escherichia coli</i> Infection, <i>Escherichia coli</i> (shiga-toxin producing)	*Shigellosis
Campylobacteriosis	Foodborne Disease	Staphylococcal Disease
*Cholera	*Foodborne Disease, Outbreak	Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B Intoxication
Clostridium difficile Infection	*Giardiasis	*Trichinellosis
Clostridium perfringens Infection	*Hepatitis A	*Typhoid Fever
Clostridium perfringens Toxin Poisoning	Hepatitis E	Vibriosis
Cryptococcosis	*Listeriosis	*Vibriosis, <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> non-O1/-O139
*Cryptosporidiosis	Norovirus Infections	Waterborne Disease
*Cyclosporiasis	Rotavirus Infections	*Waterborne Disease, outbreak
Enterobacteriaceae Infection	Salmonella spp. Infections	Yersiniosis
Enterovirus Infections	*Salmonellosis	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> Infection		

Healthcare-Associated Events

Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)	Healthcare-associated Adverse Event	Surgical Site Infection
Central-line associated Bloodstream Infection	Healthcare-associated Infection	Vancomycin-resistant Enterococci (VRE) Infection
	Hospital-acquired Infection	Ventilator-associated Pneumonia
	Nosocomial Infection	

Infectious Disease Not Otherwise Specified

Acanthamoeba Disease (excluding keratitis)	Balamuthia mandrillaris Disease	Primary Amebic Meningoencephalitis
Acanthamoeba Keratitis	Conjunctivitis	Trachoma

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Injuries

Animal Bites
Burns
Contaminated Sharps Injury
Disaster Casualty
Drownings and Submersions
Drug (Controlled Substance)
 Overdose
Farm-related

Gunshot Wounds
Hazardous Substances Emergency
 Event
Head Injury
Hyperthermia
Hypothermia
Intimate Partner Violence
Motor Vehicle Injury

Noise-induced Hearing Loss
Smoke Inhalation
Spinal Cord Injury
Suicide
Traumatic Fatalities
Traumatic Injuries
Violent Injuries

Neurologic and Toxin-Mediated Conditions

Acute Flaccid Paralysis
Botulism
 *Botulism, food
 *Botulism, infant
 *Botulism, wound
 *Botulism, other
Ciguatera

Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease
Domoic Acid Poisoning
Encephalitis
Fish and Shellfish Poisoning
Guillain-Barre Syndrome
Meningitis
Mushroom Poisoning

Neurotoxic Shellfish Poisoning
Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
Ricin Poisoning
Scombroid
Variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease

Respiratory Conditions (Infectious)

Acute Upper Respiratory Illness
 *Coccidioidomycosis
Histoplasmosis
Influenza-like Illness
 *Legionellosis
Pneumonia

 *Psittacosis
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)
 Infection
 *Severe Acute Respiratory
 Syndrome-associated
Coronavirus Disease

Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B
Pulmonary Poisoning
 *Tuberculosis

Selected Non-Infectious Diseases

Asbestosis
Asthma
Berylliosis
Byssinosis
 *Cancer
Cerebral Palsy

Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis
Diabetes
Hypersensitivity Pneumonitis
Mesothelioma
Parkinson's Disease

Pneumoconiosis
Pneumonitis
Scabies
 *Silicosis

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

 *Chancroid
 **Chlamydia trachomatis* Infection
Chlamydial Infection
Genital Warts
 *Gonorrhea
Granuloma Inguinale
Herpes Genitalis
Herpes Simplex

Lymphogranuloma Venereum
Mucopurulent Cervicitis (MPC)
 *Neurosyphilis
Nongonococcal Urethritis (NGU)
Ophthalmia Neonatorum
Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (PID)
Syphilis
 *Syphilis, Primary

 *Syphilis, Secondary
 *Syphilis, Latent
 *Syphilis, Early Latent
 *Syphilis, Unknown Duration
 *Syphilis, [Late] Non-Neurological
 *Syphilis, Congenital
 *Syphilitic Stillbirth

Systemic Conditions

 *Hansen's Disease
Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome

 *Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome,
 Post-diarrheal

Hepatitis G
Kawasaki Disease

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Rash Outbreak
 Reye's Syndrome
 Rheumatic Fever
 Septicemia
Staphylococcus aureus Infection
 **Staphylococcus aureus* Infection,
 Vancomycin-intermediate

**Staphylococcus aureus* Infection,
 Vancomycin-resistant
 Streptococcal Disease
 *Streptococcal Toxic Shock
 Syndrome (STSS)
Streptococcus pneumoniae
 Infection

**Streptococcus pneumoniae*
 Infection, invasive
 Toxic Shock Syndrome
 *Toxic Shock Syndrome other than
 Streptococcal

Toxic Effects of Non-medicinal Substances

Arsenic Poisoning
 Cadmium Poisoning
 Chemical Pneumonitis
 Farmers' Lung
 Lead Level
 *Lead Level, Blood, <16 years, ≥10
 µg/dL

*Lead Level, Blood, ≥16 years, ≥10
 µg/dL
 Lead Poisoning
 Mercury Poisoning
 Toxic Effects of Agricultural
 Chemicals
 Toxic Effects of Carbon Monoxide

Toxic Effects of Chemicals
 Toxic Effects of Heavy Metals
 Toxic Effects of Pesticides
 * Toxic Effects of Pesticides, acute

Vaccine-Preventable Conditions

*Congenital Rubella Syndrome
 *Diphtheria
Haemophilus influenzae Infection
 **Haemophilus influenzae*
 Infection, invasive
 Immunization-related Adverse
 reaction
 Influenza
 *Influenza, Pediatric, Mortality

*Influenza, influenza A virus, novel
 cases
 *Measles
 Meningococcal Disease
 *Mumps
 *Non-Paralytic Poliovirus Infection
 *Paralytic Poliomyelitis
 *Pertussis
 *Rubella

*Smallpox
 Smallpox Vaccination Adverse
 Event
 *Tetanus
 Vaccinia Adverse Event
 Vaccinia Disease
 *Varicella
 *Varicella, mortality

Zoonotic and Vectorborne Diseases

Anaplasmosis
 *Anaplasmosis, *Anaplasma*
phagocytophilum
 *Anaplasmosis, undetermined
 Angiostrongyliasis
 *Anthrax
 Arboviral Disease
 Arenavirus Infection
 *Babesiosis
 Bartonellosis
 Blastomycosis
 *Brucellosis
 California Serogroup Virus Disease
 *California Serogroup Virus
 Disease, Neuroinvasive
 *California Serogroup Virus
 Disease, Non-Neuroinvasive
 Chagas Disease
 Chikungunya
 Cysticercosis

Colorado Tick Fever
 *Crimean-Congo Hemorrhagic
 Fever Virus Infection
 *Dengue Fever
 *Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever
 *Dengue Shock Syndrome
 Eastern Equine Encephalitis Virus
 Disease
 *Eastern Equine Encephalitis Virus
 Disease, Neuroinvasive
 *Eastern Equine Encephalitis Virus
 Disease, Non-Neuroinvasive
 *Ebola Virus Infection
 Ehrlichiosis
 *Ehrlichiosis, *Ehrlichia chaffeensis*
 *Ehrlichiosis, *Ehrlichia ewingii*
 *Ehrlichiosis, undetermined
 Filariasis
 Glanders
 *Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome

Japanese Encephalitis Virus
 Disease
 LaCrosse Virus Infection
 *Lassa Virus Infection
 Leishmaniasis
 Leptospirosis
 Louse-Borne Relapsing Fever
 *Lujo Virus Infection
 *Lyme Disease
 *Malaria
 *Marburg Virus Infection
 Melioidosis
 Monkeypox
 *New World Arenavirus Infection
 Nipah Virus Infection
 Orthopox
 *Plague
 Powassan Virus Disease
 *Powassan Virus Disease,
 Neuroinvasive

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

*Powassan Virus Disease, Non-
Neuroinvasive
Q Fever
*Q Fever, acute
*Q Fever, chronic
Rabies
*Rabies, animal
*Rabies, human
Rickettsial Disease
Rift Valley Fever
Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever
*Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis
St. Louis Virus Disease

*St. Louis Virus Disease,
Neuroinvasive
*St. Louis Virus Disease, Non-
Neuroinvasive
Taeniasis
Tick-borne Relapsing Fever
Toxoplasmosis
*Tularemia
Typhus Fever
Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis
Virus Disease
Vesicular Stomatitis
Viral Hemorrhagic Fever

West Nile Virus Disease
*West Nile Virus Disease,
Neuroinvasive
*West Nile Virus Disease, Non-
Neuroinvasive
Western Equine Encephalitis Virus
Disease
*Western Equine Encephalitis
Virus Disease, Neuroinvasive
*Western Equine Encephalitis
Virus Disease, Non-Neuroinvasive
*Yellow Fever

VIII. APPENDIX 2: Available Modifiers for Creating Subset Conditions (Optional)

<u>Age (Choose AGE GROUP or AGE RANGE)</u>		
AGE GROUP:	Toddler	Adult
Congenital	Child	Elderly/Geriatric
Perinatal	Pre-adolescent	
Newborn/Neonatal	Adolescent	AGE RANGE: Enter minimum
Infant	Pediatric	and/or maximum age
<u>Etiologic Agent</u>		
14-3-3 Protein	California Serogroup Virus	Cyclospora spp.
Acanthamoeba spp.	Campylobacter coli	Dengue Virus
Acid-Fast Bacillus	Campylobacter enteritis	Eastern Equine Encephalitis Virus
Adenovirus	Campylobacter fetus	Ebola Virus
Ajellomyces capsulatum	Campylobacter jejuni	Echovirus
Ajellomyces dermatitidis	Campylobacter spp.	Ehrlichia chaffeensis
Alphavirus	Carbon Monoxide	Ehrlichia ewingii
Anaplasma phagocytophilum	Chemical	Ehrlichia spp.
Anaplasma spp.	Chikungunya Virus	Entamoeba histolytica
Arenavirus	Chlamydia psittaci	Enterobacter sakazakii
Arsenic	Chlamydia trachomatis	Enterobacteriaceae
Asbestos	Chlamydiaceae	Enterococcus spp.
Babesia divergens	Clostridium botulinum	Enterovirus
Babesia duncani	Clostridium botulinum Toxin	Escherichia coli
Babesia microti	Clostridium difficile	Escherichia coli
Babesia spp.	Clostridium perfringens	(Enteroaggregative)
Bacillus anthracis	Clostridium perfringens Toxin	Escherichia coli
Balamuthia mandrillaris	Clostridium tetani	(Enterohemorrhagic)
Bartonella spp.	Coal	Escherichia coli (Enteroinvasive)
Beryllium	Coccidioides immitis	Escherichia coli
Bordetella holmesii	Coccidioides posadasii	(Enteropathogenic)
Bordetella parapertussis	Coccidioides spp.	Escherichia coli (Enterotoxigenic)
Bordetella pertussis	Colorado Tick Fever Virus	Escherichia coli (Shiga-Toxin
Borrelia afzelii	Corynebacterium diphtheriae	Producing)
Borrelia burgdorferi	Cotton Dust	Escherichia coli (Sorbitol-Negative)
Borrelia duttoni	Coxiella burnetii	Escherichia coli O157:H7
Borrelia garinii	Crimean-Congo Hemorrhagic	Filovirus
Borrelia hermsii	Fever Virus	Flavivirus
Borrelia parkeri	Cryptococcus gattii	Francisella tularensis
Borrelia recurrentis	Cryptococcus neoformans Species	Giardia intestinalis
Borrelia spp.	Complex	Giardia spp.
Brucella abortus	Cryptococcus neoformans var.	Haemophilus ducreyi
Brucella canis	grubii	Haemophilus influenzae
Brucella melitensis	Cryptococcus neoformans var.	Haemophilus influenzae Non-Type
Brucella spp.	neoformans	b
Brucella suis	Cryptococcus non. V.neoformans	Haemophilus influenzae Type b
Bunyaviridae	Cryptococcus spp.	Hantavirus
Burkholderia mallei	Cryptosporidium parvum	Heavy Metal
Burkholderia pseudomallei	Cryptosporidium spp.	Hepatitis A Virus
Cadmium	Cyclospora cayetanensis	Hepatitis B Virus

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Hepatitis C Virus	Naegleria fowleri	Streptococcus agalactiae (Group B)
Hepatitis D Virus	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Streptococcus haemolyticus
Hepatitis E Virus	Neisseria meningitidis	Streptococcus pneumoniae
Hepatitis G Virus	Nipah Virus	Streptococcus pyogenes (Group A)
Human Herpes Virus 1	Norovirus	Streptococcus spp.
Human Herpes Virus 2	Orthopoxvirus	T-2 Mycotoxin
Human Immunodeficiency Virus 1	Pesticide	Taenia solium
Human Immunodeficiency Virus 2	Plasmodium falciparum	Taenia spp.
Human Papillomavirus	Plasmodium malariae	Toxoplasma gondii
Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus 2	Plasmodium ovale	Toxoplasma spp.
Human T-Lymphotropic Virus Type 1	Plasmodium spp.	Treponema pallidum
Influenza A Virus	Plasmodium vivax	Trichinella spiralis
Influenza Virus	Pneumocystis jiroveci	Trichinella spp.
Jamestown Canyon Virus	Poliovirus	Trivittatus
Japanese Encephalitis Virus Group	Powassan Virus	Trypanosoma cruzi
Keystone Virus	Rabies Virus	Undetermined
Klebsiella granulomatis	Respiratory syncytial Virus	Unspecified
LaCrosse Virus	Ricin Toxin	Vaccinia Virus
Lassa Virus	Rickettsia felis	Varicella Zoster Virus
Lead	Rickettsia prowazekii	Variola Virus
Legionella pneumophila	Rickettsia rickettsii	Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis Virus
Legionella spp.	Rickettsia spp.	Vesicular Stomatitis Virus
Leptospira interrogans	Rickettsia typhi	Vibrio alginolyticus
Leptospira spp.	Rift Valley Fever Virus	Vibrio cholerae
Leishmania spp.	Rotavirus	Vibrio cholerae Non-O1
Listeria Monocytogenes	Rubella Virus	Vibrio cholerae Non-O1/-O139
Listeria spp.	Rubeola Virus	Vibrio cholerae O1
Marburg Virus	Salmonella spp.	Vibrio cholerae O139
Mercury	Salmonella spp. (Non-typhi)	Vibrio damsela
Monkeypox Virus	Salmonella typhi	Vibrio fluvialis
Mumps Virus	Sarcoptes scabiei	Vibrio furnissii
Mycobacterium africanum	Saxitoxin	Vibrio hollisae
Mycobacterium avium Complex	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome-related Coronavirus	Vibrio imicus
Mycobacterium bovis	Shigella boydii	Vibrio parahaemolyticus
Mycobacterium bovis BCG	Shigella dysenteriae	Vibrio spp.
Mycobacterium canettii	Shigella flexneri	Vibrio spp. (Non-cholera)
Mycobacterium caprae	Shigella sonnei	Vibrio vulnificus
Mycobacterium leprae	Shigella spp.	West Nile Virus
Mycobacterium microti	Silica	Western Equine Encephalitis Virus
Mycobacterium pinnipedii	Snowshoe Hare Virus	Yellow Fever Virus
Mycobacterium spp.	St. Louis Virus	Yersinia Enterocolitica
Mycobacterium spp. (Non-leprae and Non-TB)	Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B	Yersinia pestis
Mycobacterium spp. (Non-leprae)	Staphylococcus aureus	Yersinia pseudotuberculosis
Mycobacterium spp. (Non-TB)	Staphylococcus aureus (Coagulase-Positive)	Yersinia spp.
Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Staphylococcus aureus Toxin	Yersinia spp. (Non-pestis)
Mycobacterium tuberculosis Complex	Staphylococcus spp.	

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Etiologic Type

Bacterial	Particulate	Toxin
Fungal	Prion	Viral
Parasitic	Protozoal	

Special Circumstances

Bioterrorist event	Intentional transmission	Post-diarrheal
Cluster	Morbidity	Post-infectious
Hospitalization	Mortality	Post-streptococcal
Imported case	Naturally-occurring	Pregnant woman
Initial diagnosis	Novel cases	
Intentional release	Outbreak	

Treatment

Change in treatment outcome	Responding to treatment	Treatment prescribed
Post-exposure prophylaxis	Treatment administered	

Occupational

All work related cases	In a food handler	Other occupation
In a child care worker	In a healthcare worker	

Disease Status

Active	Chronic	Latent (unknown duration)
Acute	Early latent	Primary
Carriers	Late latent	Secondary
Cases	Latent	Tertiary

Infected Species

Alternative livestock	Dogs	Sheep
Animal	Goats	Swine
Aquaculture	Horses	Wildlife – avian
Cats	Human	Wildlife – mammal
Cattle	Poultry	Wildlife – reptile/amphibian

Antibiotic (Choose one value each from ANTIBIOTIC and ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY)

ANTIBIOTIC:	Methicillin	ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY:
Carbapenem	Oxacillin	Intermediate
Drug	Penicillin	Resistant
Glycopeptide	Vancomycin	

Lab Finding (*Will not appear as part of condition name)

CD4 count	Hemoglobin A1c*	Viral load*
-----------	-----------------	-------------

Threshold (Enter minimum and/or maximum value with unit)

Cell Count %	IU/L
Cells/μL	μg/dl

2011 State Reportable Conditions Assessment (SRCA) User Instructions

Lab Outcome

Indeterminate lab test	Ordered lab test	Quantitative lab test result
Negative lab test	Positive lab test	

Source/Site

Blood	Invasive	Stool
CNS	Neuroinvasive	Urine
CSF	Neurological	Wound
Food	Non-neurological	
Genital	Sterile site	

Case Details (Will not appear as part of condition name)

CASE CLASSIFICATION:	REPORTING METHOD:	DATE EFFECTIVE: <i>Enter date</i>
Confirmed	Aggregate Count	
Probable	Individual Case Report	
Suspect		